VIEWS OF THE LEADERS OF THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT-IF SPAIN'S GREATEST GEN-

ERAL, WITH ALL THE RESOURCES OF THE COUNTRY BEHIND HIM, COULD NOT CRUSH THE INSURRECTION, A LESS ABLE MAN, THEY THINK, WILL

Washington, Jan. 18.-Tomas Estrada Palma. the President, and Gonzales Quesada, the Sec- | What lovelier sight gladdens our eyes than the children retary of the Cuban Provisional Government, trooping to school! What merry faces, what bright eyes who have established headquarters here, express, and tuddy checks if they are strong and healthy! But themselves as highly pleased at the news of the withdrawal of General Campos from the command of the Spanish army in Cuba, and the in-tended appointment of General Polavicia. Sefor heart aches, how the ambitious father is pained, to remand of the Spanish army in Cuba, and the in-

Palma said to-day.

This action on the part of the Spanish Government is not wholly unexpected. General Campos is one of Spain's most famous commanders, and as as well if not better skilled in military matters than any other General in the Spanish Army. At the beginning of the revolution he boasted that in a few weeks, and at most but a few months, he would surely crush out the rehellion. Spain sent to his command 123,660 troops. He had blenty of money and all the resources to draw upon which a great nation like Spain could furnish. He had prestige and experience to back him, but now, after eleven months, he has been obliged to shut himself up in Havana, at the very door of the Capitoi, unable to cope with the adroliness and skill of the commander-in-chief of the revolutionists. Now the Spanish Government has considered it advisable and even necessary to relieve him from command, thinking that by the substitution of another deneral it will meet with better success. It must be remembered that General Polavicia is a much inferior General in every respect. He lacks the experience has not the knowledge of affairs or the standing of the man he succeeds.

A MORE BLOODTHIRSTY POLICY INDICATED.

A MORE BLOODTHIRSTY POLICY INDICATED. When asked to assign his reason for the cause of the withdrawal of General Campos, Senor

In my opinion, it is because the officials at Madrid considered Campos's treatment of the Cubans too bumans. He has been too lement with the revolutionists to satisfy their bloodthirsty hunger. They want a policy of more cruelty pursued, and this they hope to have the hew commander carry out, thinking thus to force a people struggling for their independence into subjection.

When asked what the effect of the change would be on the revolutionists, Señor Palma re-

Any change that might be made cannot possibly injure them or their cause, and in this instance it is much to their advantage. No General and nothing short of independence can quell the spirit of the Cubans. Their strength cannot be weakened, and 200,000 men would be put into the field to-morrow if they could be properly arméd. It seems to me, and I believe it will so appear to the American public, that the mere fact of Spain being compelled to change Generals at this period of the war should demonstrate the strength of the revolutionists and hasten the time when the United States shall recognize us. A CHANGE WORTH MANY BATTLES.

Señor Quesada, the Provisional Government's

Señor Quesada, the Provisional Government's Chief Secretary, said:

The change is worth ten battles to us. It is considered as a confession of the fate of the Spanish Government in Cuba, as General Campos was the first military chief in Spain, and also one of the ablest politicians. In this opinion we are borne out by General Azcarraga, the Minister of War of Spain, who on January i, in denying the rumor of the rebels, before Europe, and before the United States." Now if General Campos has been unable to crush the rebels, before Europe, and before the United States." Now if General Campos has been unable to crush the rebels, before Europe, and before the United States." Now if General Campos has been unable to crush the rebels in setting the Cubans to accept a compromise in 1873, it cannot be expected that General Polaviela, who never showed any military ability, as he was only an aid of Campos in the last war, will be able to stop the victorious revolutionary movement. General Polaviela and as appeal to cruel methods. Cuba recalls the outrages on the innocent women by forces under Polavieja, and also the dreadful assassination of General Levie Vidal, a Cuban General. He also had 255 people in Santiago de Cuba charged with conspiracy, seized and sent to the African island of Fernando Po. His coming represents the policy of extermination and the desperation of Spain. It will increase the Cuban army, as thousands will prefer death on the field to murder in the darkness of night.

GENERAL GARCIA MAY TAKE THE FIELD.

again take the field against Spain. General Garcia has just returned from Spain, where he has spent a number of years in exile. He said that it was impossible for him to say positively at this time when he would take the field in Cuba, but admitted that he would probably do so in a short time. Since his return from Spain two months ago he has been employed in the secret service of the revolutionists. He said:

I have fought twice against Spain for the inde-pendence of Caba, and this time I think our bause will win. I have been in Spain for the last lifteen years, and now my return finds me once more ready to fight for the independence of our island.

General García, speaking of General Campos's

I consider it equivalent to a great victory for Cuba It is as good as the winning of twenty battles by our Army. The reason for this is that not only is General Campos the best leader Spain has, but his policy was the most concillatory. In the case of Polavieja's succession a cruel, relentless policy will surely be pursued, and this will cause those who have been only lukewarm in the revolution to rise up as one man.

OBSTACLES TO RECOGNITION.

It is now said that one of the greatest embarrassments in the way of this Government's recornizing the belligerent rights of the Cuban revolutionists arises from the terms of a treaty conwar between either and another nation the cruisers of each should have the right to search the vessels of the other on the high seas for contraband articles. The twelfth article of this

The merchant ships of either of the parties which shall be making into a port belonging to the enemy of the other party, and concerning whose voyage and the species of goods on board of her there shall be just grounds for suspicion, shall be obliged to exhibit, as well upon the high seas as in the ports and havens, not only her passports, but likewise



## Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient vanish before proper efforts-gentle effortspleasant efforts-rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the

system is regular, then laxative or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the wellinformed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most gen-

THEY ARE THE JOY OF HOME, THE HOPE OF OUR LAND.

Take Care of Their Nerves, Build Up Their Blood,

AND THEY WILL GROW UP STRONG AND HEALTHY.

Give Them That Greatest of All Invigorators.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA BLOOD AND NERVE REMEDY.



certificates expressly showing that her goods are not of the number of those which have been prohibited as contraband.

The treaty specifies the articles which are contraband, and provides how the search shall be conducted. It also provides in Article 14 as follows:

GENERAL GARCIA MAY TAKE THE FIELD.

General Calisto Garcia, Commander-in-Chief of the Cuban Army in the ten-years' war, arrived in this city last evening, and as a result of a long conference at the Cuban headquarters he may again take the field against Spain, General

and while there is a disposition to do all that can be consistently done to assist the insurgents, it is considered impolitic to permit a natural sympathy to lead this country into complications which would result in serious annoyance and damage to American commerce.

RESS OF THE INSURGENT CAUSE.

and that disintegration, internal warfare and politic

Señor Tomas Estrada Palma, the delegate of the Cuban Revolutionary party in New-York, was at his office. He said, in speaking of the removal of Campos: "General Campos typified the learning, scholarship, humanity and skill of the Spanish Army. He was a soldier and a gentleman. He tried to fight fairly, but he was overpowered. I sometimes think that at heart Campos sympathized with the Cubans, and that his position was loathsome to him. He was a soldier, and a good soldier, so he never turned back on his duty. I do not think that he will regret being recailed, except as it casts a shadow upon hi the Spanish Army. His successor is a butcher. When the war was conducted fairly, many who would gladly have seen the Cuban cause win, through interest refrained from taking sides, but when it comes to butchery and wanton murder, they will longer remain neutral. This act of the Spanish Government in recalling a brave and chivalrous officer, and substituting a human monster, will turn many into the ranks of the insurgents who would other-

of Spanish defeat. We have appealed to the United States for recognition, but the officials in Cuba and the Spanish envoys have persistently misled the Government at Washington about the position of the Cubans. Now the truth is beginning to leak out. We have warm friends in your Congress, and we hope to see them come to our aid now. I think that your President is also in sympathy with us. I see that he may sign a letter acknowledging our

tion and medicine to their compatriots without any great trouble.

Mr. Trujillio will get out a special edition of his paper dilating upon the causes that led up to the removal of Campos and showing that the Cubans have made so much headway that Havana is tottering to its fall. All of the Cubans think that politics and internal dissensions will work much havoc to the Spanish cause, and that if they can only persuade the United States Government to recognize them they will be safe for all time. Even if the United States does hold off, the Cubans intend to fight it straight ahead until the end. They are pacing great hopes in the avowed friendship of many influential men in this country and is, the

FOURTH AVE. SUCCESSORS TO A.T. STEWART & CO. BROADWAY FOURTH AVE.

# IT'S LIKE DOUBLING DOLLARS

to give you \$2 worth for \$1. We are not doing that all the time, but oftener than you think the prices on high grade goods are about half—just because we buy right and sell right.

More Sensational Silks will sell over 2,000 yds. of Black and Colored Silks that have been \$1.10 to \$1.50 at 50c yd. The lot includes Black Crepons, fancy Taffetas,

fancy Crepes. Men who have grown grey in silk selling say that nothing like the values we are offering nowadays was ever seen in New York. Here are 814 pieces Black Silks at special prices. And 106 kinds of Black Brocaded Satin at \$1 to \$3 a yd.

Black Gros Grain with satin stripes, 75c; the \$1.25 grade.
Black Moire Antique, 75c; 82 grade.
Black Gree Gram—21 in., 75c to \$1.10; 22 in., \$1:
24 in., \$1.20, \$1.25.
Black Satin Duchesse, 65c, 85c, 90c, \$1 to \$2.

## At 10 o'clock Monday morning we New Dress Goods are crowding in.

French Challis are coming like the Crocuses. Fine wool Challis, light and dark, 15c, the 25c kind. Silk striped Challis, new colors, 28c, the 38c kind; finer light and dark effects, 38c. Silk striped Javanaise, exquisite punting, 58c, the 75 and 85c kinds.

Remnants in great variety, lengths from 1½ yds. to full dress patterns, at exactly half price.

BLACK DRESS GOODS of every sort and 25 to 40 pe English Mohairs, 50c. \$1.25 curly Boucle Novelt 75c French Jacquard, 50c. \$1.75 Crepons, \$1.25. \$1.25 fancy Cheviots, 75c.

\$2 kinds at \$1 \$1 kinds at 50c 50c kinds at 25c. English Mohairs, 50c. \$1.25 curly Boucle Novelty, 75c. 75c French Jacquard, 50c.

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\$1.25 and \$1.50 figured Mohairs, \$1, \$1.25. \$1 and \$1.10 English Cheviots, 65, 68c.

# EVERY CORNER OF THE STORE IS BARGAIN BRIGHT

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR The great Sale swings along without lag or let up. Gowns of good strong, heavy muslin, cambric ruftle on neck, yoke and sleeves and around pleated

Muslin Gowns, mother hubbard yoke of 36 fine pleats, collar and cuffs fancy stitched, ribbon bow at neck, 60c. Strong muslin Gowns, mother hubbard yoke of line pleats and three rows of fine embroidery, neat edge

on neck and sleeves, \$1.15.

And so on to French Gowns at \$25.
Good strong heavy muslin Drawers, deep hem and 5 pleats, full size yoke bands, well made, 18c. 3 to

Good strong heavy muslin Drawers, wide hem and 9 spaced pleats, 30c; same in cambric, 30c. Only

And so on to the handsome elaborate French hand-made Drawers at \$8.75. made Drawers at \$8.75.
Fine cambric Corset Covers, V front, high back, trimmed with Hamburg Edge, 25c.
Fine cambric Corset Covers, V front, square back, trimmed with ribbon and machine-made torchon

FOR THE CHILDREN

Infants' Coats of heavy cotton flannelette, trimmed with Angora fur, 2, 3 and 4 yrs., \$1.50.

Cream eiderdown Coats, lined with sateen and collar trimmed with white Angora fur, 2, 3 and 4 yrs., \$2 Pretty cotton flannelette Dresses, 1, 2 and 3 yrs.,

THE CARPET CRUSADE \$2.50 Royal Wiltons, \$1.50 yd. \$1.50 Bigelow Axminsters, \$1.00 yd. \$1.00 Bigelow Aximinsters, \$1.00 yd. \$1.25 Aximinsters, \$0c yd. \$1 Best quality Moquettes, 80c yd. \$1.25 Wilton Velvets, \$0c, yd. 75c 10-wire Tapestry, \$5c yd. 65c All wool Ingram, \$5c yd.

CHINA AND GLASSWARE Think of \$2.50 cut glass Carafes at \$1.50, or of \$2 cut glass Tankard half gallon jugs at 98c, or \$3 cut glass Fern Dishes at 98c, or \$1 blown lead glass Water Tumblers at 40c doz.

progress of legislation in Congress looking to their recognition.

CAMPOS TO NEWSPAPER MEN.

HOPES THAT HIS SUCCESSOR WILL BE

MORE FORTUNATE THAN HE.

TION AGAINST HIM IN HAVANA-HET RECALL,

HE SAYS, IS NOT EXTRAORDINARY-

manner was very unassuming and cordia. The

Although there was no bitternessof tone dur-

ing any part of General Campos's remarks, the

In reply to a question General Campos said

Before calling on General Campos the corre-

spendents made a formal call on General Marin,

forces. They were received cordially, and as-

sured by him that he would do everything in

his power to ald them. The correspondents

then asked for greater leniency in the sending

of dispatches to foreign countries. To this the

General replied that it was impossible to change

the present methods. The correspondents nex requested General Marin to make a statement

for the American public with regard to his

policy in the conduct of affairs in Cuba. He

My position is only temporary, therefore it would not be proper for me to say anything at this time However, I may make a statement later.

General Suarez Valdes has been appointed

temporarily second in command of the Govern-

CAMPOS READY TO DEPART.

THE CAPTAIN-GENERAL WILL LEAVE CURA TO

MORROW-WHY HE WOULD NOT RESIGN.

Havana say that Marshal Campos will sail for Spain on January 20.

The consensus of opinion here is that the super-

of the Spanish forces in Cuba will greatly improve

the situation there. The military journals censure

General Campos and declare that his splitting up

Madrid, Jan. 18.-Dispatches received here from

replied:

last utterance was delivered with an emphasis

he would sail for Spain on Monday.

General Campos, in reply, said:

Plenty of other prices run the same way ALMOST EVERY WOMAN'S JACKET We have left has been marked do \$5, \$7.50, \$10.

Less than half original prices

Best quality London dyed Alaska Seal Coats, full skirt, extra large sleeve, \$225; from \$300 and \$325 Fine French Coney Capes, fully 30 inch, with 100 inch sweep, \$3.75, \$5 and \$7.50; originally \$10 and

Fifty other sorts relatively as chea p.

THAT LINEN SALE Damask Table Cloths, 215x8 and 315x4 yds, \$5,00 quality at \$3.75.

\$6,75 quality at \$5.00. \$8,50 quality at \$6.75. Super quality bleached Damask, 72 in wide, 75c; special, \$1.25 and \$1.85 grades at \$1 and \$1.50. Linen Sheeting, 215 yds. wide, \$1.10 grade at \$5c; \$1.25 grade at \$1; \$1.45 grade at \$1.15; \$1.75

grade at \$1.30. Hemstitched imen Sheets, double bed size, \$3.90, \$5,

So.50 pair.
Plain linen huck Towels, 12 1-2, 16, 18, 20c.
Plain linen huck Towels, large 25, each, regularly Fine quality Bath Towels, 25, 35, 45c

HARNESS

The unexpected has happened again—simply absurd prices on Harness every horseman will be interested in. Buggy Harness, doubled and stitched. \$9.85.

Light Delivery Harness, with collar \$14.

Surry Harness, brass or nickel. \$28.50.

Double brass trimmed, driving Harness, \$50.

Holly Whips, \$1.50.

English hand sewed Halters, \$1.50.

Stable Blankets, \$1 to \$1.45 for \$1.50 to \$2 km/ds.

WOMEN'S \$2 GLOVES AT \$1.20

Of extra strong dogskin. Made exclusively for us. Came a little too late for the Christmas trade. Our usual price is \$1.75. This one lot of about 90 doz at \$1.20. They are 4-button lengths, with 8 strong clasps. Pique and saddle stitched, with gussets, so that they will fit and slip on to the hanti easily.

received the correspondents of the American newspapers in a body to-day. The reception was held in the audience chamber of the Palace. General Campos, despite the worrying events of the last two days, appeared in vigorous health. His manner was very unassuming and cordia. The

At about half value on Monday. About 250 pieces Edgings at 5c yd. About 400 pieces at 10c. About 200 pieces up to 5 in. at 15c.

Another lot of fine Irish Point work on extra heavy nainsook, for any sort of flouncing, 25c.

MERRY TIMES AT YALE.

It was made up of dribbling lots, none of which was more than 20,000 pieces. Ten years ago a condition like the present would have caused great worriment

like the present would have caused great worriment among operatives and manufacturers, but now the variety of goods made here is so great that dulness in the print works or in calicoes does not necessarily mean stagnation in the mills. The stock on hand has now gone beyond the half-million mark, and it is going up at the rate of 160,000 pieces a week. For January only 28,000 pieces are sold for weekly delivery. At this time there is no talk of curtailment. The weekly statement follows: Production, 220,000 pieces; deliveries, 122,000 pieces, stock on hand, 47,000 pieces, odds, 259,000 pieces, stock on hand, 47,000 pieces, odds, 259,000 pieces, stock, 30,000 pieces, potts, 55,000 pieces; furtires, 38,000 pieces, Spots, 55,000 pieces; furtires, 38,000 pieces, April, 22,000 pieces, April, 22,000 pieces, Market nominal. Price, three cents for 64x64s.

SUICIDE OF CALVIN B. DUNHAM

Troy, Jan. 18.-Calvin B. Dunham, ex-keeper of the

County House, ex-Supervisor and a member of the

Court House Commission, shot and fatally wounded himself this morning with a revolver, the bullet

entering the right temple. Despondency from business troubles was the cause. Mr. Dunham was for years one of the leaders of the Democratic organization in Rensselaer County.

MR. GILLAM SOMEWHAT BETTER.

Canajoharie, N. Y., Jan. 18.-Bernhard Glilam, of

Judge," who has been very ill for several days, is

slightly improved to-night. He has rested easie.

No Handkerchief stock like ours in America. A new thought for Monday. Here is a great lot of pure linen Handkerchiefs just as they come from the weavers and sewers, and the prices half what they would cost if they were laundered and boxed.

Women's pure linen, large size, hemstitched Handker-chiefs, 7c; 15c kind Women's pure linen Handkerchiefs, extra quality, large, 10c; ordinarily 20c, 25c. Men's pure linen Handkerchiefs, hemstitched, fine,

10c; usually 20c and 25c Men's extra large size Handkerchiefs, 15c; never under Finer sorts-those that usually sell at 40c and 50c-

Women's initial Handkerchiefs, seconds, 150 dozen, hand embroidered and scalloped. Meant to bring 25, 40 and 50c. Slightly imperfect, and we say

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

Women's black liste Hose, ribbed and plain, 23c per Women's medium and heavy black cotton and black

Women's medium and heavy black cotton and black fleeced cotton Hose, unbleached feet, 35c pr; 3 for \$1; regularly 50c, 65c.
Women's pure silk Theatrical Tights, with feet, \$3.50; without feet, \$2.50; were \$7 and \$6.
Men's Winter weight cotton Half Hose, assorted shades, 35c pair, 3 for \$1; real value, 65c.
Men's colored Merino Shirts and Drawers, Winter weight, full regular made, 75 per cent. wool, 85c each; \$1.25 kind. HIGH GRADE FURNITURE

Was never passed out at such little prices. Parlor Suits, upholstered in silk tapestry and brocatelle, 2 and 3 pieces

\$100 from \$200
\$100 from \$165
\$60 from \$85
\$105 from \$250
\$105 from \$165

\$145 from \$225 | \$90 from \$139 \$140 from \$200 | \$50 from \$75 ny Book Cases, \$110 from \$150 | \$68 from \$100 Mahogany

Oak Book Cases \$40 from \$60.

Mahogany Inlaid Desks,
\$100 from \$200 | \$40 from \$58 \$75 from \$110 | \$30 from \$45 And almost everything else.

Grain leather Club Bags, nickel trimmings, 10 to 16 in., \$1.35 to \$2.35. Alligator Club Bags, leather lined, brass trimmed, Vienna handle, 10 to 16 in., \$2.50 to \$4.90. And everything in the Bag and Trunk line that you'll

of every sort and 25 to 40 per cent. below familiar prices.

WHITE GOODS The great interest we have awakened in this line of

goods comes from the enormous stocks and the little prices. On Monday. 40 in. Lawn at 12c, such as used to be 18c.
Fine India Linon, 40 in., to imitate hand woven

French Lawns, 18c. India Linon, the book fold, 33 in. wide, at 10c; fine,

Plaid White Goods, 10 and 15c. Dotted Swiss, pure white, fine quality, 12c. 25 sorts Grass Linen materials, every width and every quality. The grandest assortment in town.

RELIABLE GROCERIES Maine sweet Corn, extra fancy, 8 days only, 11c can, \$1.28 doz.

Marrowfat Feas, this week only, 9c can, \$1.04 doz. Genuine Wiesbaden Preserves, finest quality, straw-berries, red cherries, apricots, mixed fruits, 12c

large flacon.

Marshall's Scotch Kippered Herrings, this week only,
15c can, \$1.75 doz.

Daruma Geylon and High Tea served in department;
80c lb.

Delaware Co. (N. Y.) Creamery Butter, extra fancy, fresh daily, packed in 5-lb boxes, \$1.60 box.
Genuine French Peas, best quality, 24c can, \$2.76

Mincemeat, finest, 73c 5 lb. kanakin. California layer Raisins, fine quality, 73c 5 lb. box. California fruits, extra fancy, "vacuum" pack, in quart glass jars:

Lemon Clings. 38c Crawford Peaches 38c White Heath Peaches 38c Golden Apricots ..... Bartlett Pears .....

THREE SENSATION SWEETS

Marshmallows, 1 lb. box, 18c. Peanut Brittle, 1 lb. box, 10c. Chocolate Peppermint Wafers, 21c lb.

### OLD COMPANY IN DISGUISE.

THE REORGANIZATION OF THE LONG ISL-AND TRACTION.

THERE ARE THIRTEEN DIRECTORS, MOST O

TIC CLAUSE IN THE IN-

CORPORATION.

Company has been accomplished, despite and Patrick H. Flynn. The fact that the Virginia Corporation would be succeeded by a New-York State Corporation, called the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, was published in The Tribune yesterday morning, and yesterday the incorporation of the new company was announced. It will replace or displace the old company in the ownership of the big Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company's system. Most of the incorporators and directors have been interested in the Long Island Traction Company, and the new blanket organization approximately is the same old thing over again, disguised by a new name and with

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company yesterday flied its articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State at Albany. The capital is fixed at \$20,000,000, and it has paid, as preliminary action, a State tax of \$25,000. The certificate of incorporation, which was of the company are to construct, extend, repair, im-prove, equip and furnish the motive power for "railroads and other works, and aiding any corporation or individual in such construction, extension, repair, improvement, equipment and furnishing of motive power." This clause seems to give the new corpora-

tion considerable latitude, and, under it, it would even seem to be allowed to furnish electric power to The new corporation is empowered to b and dispose of the stocks, bonds and other evidences of indebtedness of any corporation, domestic or foreign, and issue in exchange therefor its stock or other obligations. The \$20,000,000 of capitalization is to be in common stock, each share of stock being quoted at \$100. The sum legally required, \$1,300, is the capital with which the new company will be

gin business. The corporate life of the company is to be 999 years. new company are not superstitious, for there are thirteen directors. Four of them have their offices in the same building. The directors for the first year are William C. Bryant, of No. 24 Broadway; Eugene L. Britton, of No. 71 Barclay-st., New-York City; William F. Creed, of No. 8 West One-hundredand-Third-st., New-York City; Horace C. Duval, of No. 8 Monroe Place; Frederick S. Flower, Otto Zanker, Thomas Renwick and Floyd Vail, of No. 52 Broadway, New-York City; William W. Goodrich. of No. 924 President-st.; John D. Keily, of No. 23 Clermont-ave.: Clinton L. Rossiter, the President of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company, whose office is No. 168 Montague-st.; James N. Wallace, of

office is No. 168 Montague-st.; James N. Wallace, of No. 54 Wall-st., New-York City, and Timothy S. Williams, the secretary of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company. John D. Kelley, of No. 213 Clermont-ave., is one of the eleven who subscribed for a share each.

Sincehan & Collin are counsel for the new company. Mr. Collin says that the plan of reorganization proposed by the majority of the stockholders of the Long Island Traction Company will, substantially, be carried out, and that the reorganization will be completed as soon as possible.

Under the plan of reorganization, the owner of 100 shares of Long Island Traction stock, who has deposited his stock and paid the \$100 assessment, will receive in exchange for old stock, fifty shares; for \$1,000 assessment, seven and one-haif shares, and \$1,000 bond. Those who received participation receipts will receive in addition one share of new stock on each 100 shares of old stock. The holder of each \$1,000 collateral trust note will receive, as the stockholder who went into the collateral trust note plan, for each \$1,000 of par for which he subscribed:

The reorganization company will have at its disposal for expenses of reorganization for betterments and for other purposes: In new bonds.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 18.-Governor and Mrs. Mormany children were treated for spinal disease, club many children were treated for spinal disease, club-foot, knock-knee, bow-legs, flat-foot and other troubles which interfered with their walking. Many of the patients were suffering from chronic diseases which were incurable, but 189 were cured and 282 were much relieved and discharged. Apparatus which cost the institution 34,288 25 was supplied to patients, and of the cost \$2,562 was col-iected from patients who could afford to pay. A house at No. 130 East Fifty-ninth-st. has been pur-chased as an addition to the institution, and the top story has been converted into a playroom in which the children are to take sunbaths. ton held a reception at the Executive Mansion this evening. The following were the guests: General his 100,000 followers into small sections to protect rural property has been the chief cause of the extension of the Cuban revolt.

Premier Canovas has received a long dispatch from General Martinez Campos, with regard to the latter's recall by the Spanish Cabinet. The dispatch concluded as follows:

I regard your message as an order, but I would remark that I have not tendered my resignation.

SPEECHES ON THE COLLEGE, THE IDEAL NEW WOMAN AND OTHER SUBJECTS.

The Wellesley Club, composed of residents of this lege, had its annual luncheon yesterday at the Windsor Hotel. Long tables, tastefully decorated with flowers, were lab! in the dining-hall. About with flowers, were lab! in the dining-hall. About a hundred members and a few guests were present. Miss Bertha Bailey, president of the club, whose General Weyler the former will announce his limit decision in the matter.

Hayana, Jan. 18—A large number of residents of speaker. West for the dining-hall. About a hundred members and a few guests were present. Miss Bertha Bailey, president of the club, whose briefly in welcome, and introduced the first regular speaker. West for the constant of the last of tossis, spoke briefly in welcome, and introduced the first regular speaker. the city of Havans called upon General Campos | literature at Wellesley.

LUNCHEON OF THE WELLESLEY CLUB.

progress had certainly been going on, the essential mained intact. The college, she said, had from the first been regarded as a place for hard work, but in recent years the athletic sports for which it was a noted counteracted any injurious effects of overstudy. She spoke of the attention paid to aesthetic as well as intellectual ideas, and of the wholesome religious influences of the institution. The performance of the domestic work of the college by the students has, according to Miss Bates, been gradually abolished. It had become a sham, she said, and the college his far outgrown the limits wherein it was of practical assistance.

The finma D. Wilcox spoke briefly to the toast "tollege Women in the Medical Profession," and Walter C. Kert to "The Brothers-in-law," Miss Grave Miller followed with some observations upon "The lutra new woman," said Miss Miller, "is a result of lack of proper education. Out of her faults and failures will be developed a better type. This one will be many-skied. She will know now to make bread, she will have the important points of the Venezuelan question pigeon-holed somewhere in her brain, and -she will move up to make room in a crowded cable-car."

The other toasts responded to were "Women's Clubs as a Social Factor," by Miss Marle Jodwin, and "College Women in the Coming Social Regeneration," by the Rev. John L. Scudder.

Besides Miss Balley, the president, the officers of the Weilesley Club are Miss Grace Hawley Underwood, vice-president, Miss Effile Banta, secretary, and Miss Caroline E. Pavin, treasurer.

I am very glad to meet the correspondents of the American newspapers. I can assure you that you have nothing to thank me for. I have simply done my duty. It has always been my carnest desire to give you every facility within my power. What has happened here is not extraordinary. I refer to my retirement. I am a man who, for many years, has been very prominent in the affairs of my country, and during my career as a public officer I have naturally had occasion to make a few enemies, not wilfully, but in the natural course of events. That is the way with political parties. That is the way with political parties. They have ups and assume crowned my more fortunate days my countrymen crowned my more fortunate that I have not a man of such strong longing to hold office that I leave it with regret. I certainly hope the man who cores after me ma, be more fortunate than I. In Havana public opinior is seemingly not united in my support. I refer to the people, who are doing the tarking. The views of those who have maintained silence I, of course, have no means of knowing. In the last few days there have been numerous meetings and consultations. I laid the facts fully before the Government. They have recalled me. I have known of rumors of intended demonstrations in antaxonism of my policy, but I am not the man to stand such manifestations because I would dissoive them with shell.

Although there was no bitternessof tone during the factors in sight. The total of goods sold was within 1,000 pieces of the total of last week, and the public of the total of last week, and

Commissioner Wright yesterday held the bearing of Warden Failon, of the Tombs, on the charge of cruelly treating a prisoner named Herman by confining him without food for two days in what is known as the "cooler." Deputy Warden O'Shea known as the "cooler." Deputy Warden O'Shea and several keepers and the prisoner, Herman, testi-fied against the Warden. Erastus Wiman gave testimony, commending the Warden as a kind and considerate official. The Warden took the stand in his own behalf, and James Leary and Harry Consadine, two prisoners, swore that they had always been kindly treated by Mr.

Fallon.
The hearing will go on to-morrow.

KING'S DAUGHTERS AND SONS MEET. A union meeting of the King's Daughters and Sons was held yesterday afternoon in the Assembly Hall of the Presbyterian Building, No. 156 Fifthave. Mrs. Margaret Bottome, president of the General International Society, presided, and intro-duced Miss Kate Bond, vice-president, who made he first address. She was followed by Mary Lowe Dickinson, the general secretary, who spoke on the subject of the City Union of the various New-York branches of the organization. After mentioning

branches of the organization. After mentioning the necessity for concerted labor, the speaker concluded with an appeal for the extension of the good which the King's Daughters and Sons were doing. Mrs. Rossiter, the next speaker, emphasized the foregoing remarks and gave more details of the union's purposes and ideas.

Mrs. Isabelia Charles Davis, when called upon to speak, first introduced Miss Anne Cummings, who has been engaged, with Andrew Murray, in missionary work in South Africa. Miss Cummings gave a short, comprehensive account of that distant enterprise. When she had finished, Mrs. Davis rose and closed the meeting with a few words of encouragement and advice to the members. ORTHOPEDIC HOSPITAL'S REPORT.

in the twenty-eighth annual report of the New

tre last twenty-four hours, and his temperature now is 104, and pulse 125. Drs. Vanderveer and Hun, of Albany, were again in consultation with Dr. Simons this afternoon. They consider Mr. Gillam's condition better than it was yesterday, and the chances favorable for recovery. 128 East Fifty-ninth-st., the surgeons of the tution say that 2,683 patients were treated there during the year ending September 30, 1895. This is the largest number treated in any one year in the history of the institution. Most of the patients were RECEPTION AT THE EXECUTIVE MANSION. children who were suffering from hip disease, but

The available assets of the new company have been estimated as follows:
Guarantee fund. Long Island Traction Company 53,878,510 (estimated)

stock of the Brooklyn, Queens County and Suburban Railroad Company.

stock of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Com200,000

nature of the many physical ills which

fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable

Laura Cluton, of Brunswick, Mo., says: little daughter, Birdle Lee, aged 10

The recognition of beiligerent rights would subject all vessels of the United States trading with the West Indies to search by Spanish cruisers, which would lead to annoyances and complications which, in turn, might lead to hostilities between Spain and this country. These and similar obstacles undoubtedly stand in the way of immediate recognition of the Cuban insurgence.

JOY IN THE CUBAN JUNTA. COMMENTS ON THE RECALL OF CAMPOS-PROG-

The Cuban Junta, at No 66 Broadway, was in hig feather yesterday over the removal of Campos and the placing of General Polavieja in command of the Spanish troops. There was something like a jolli-fication meeting away up in the top of the high The men who have been watching over Cuba's interests from New-York gathered and discussed the situation. The patriots now believe that the Spanish Government has gone to the end of the string,

that your President is also in sympathy with its. I see that he may sign a letter acknowledging our belligerency before the end of another week. That would be glorious news, it would be only just, and we carnestly pray that it may come."

Benjamin Guerra, treasurer of the Junta, and Ernique Trujillio, Editor of "El Porvenir," the Cuban organ in this cily, both dropped in at head-quarters. Manuel d'y Quesada, secretary of the Junta, is now in Washington, in charge of the cuban headquarters there, and is doing all that he can to urge upon Congress the necessity and justice of recognizing the Cubans. He has wired hopefully to his compatriots in New-York, Mr. Guerra said that the news that had been coming from Cuba was fluworthy of belief, owing to the rigid press censorship. He declared that, while he could not refute all statements, he had received enough private information from Cuba to let him know that things were not as reported. He said that the Cuban army was well around Havana, and that almost any morning now the Spanish officials of the "Queen of the Antilles" might wake up and find the Cuban flag flying over the State buildings in Havana. Mr. Guerra was enthusiastic, and said that when the Spaniars began to fight among themselves they would do each other more harm than an enemy could effect. He asserted that the filibustering expeditions which were so much talked about some time ago, owing to the frantic efforts of the Spanish Government to stop them, were going right through without a ripple, and that the patricts in America were getting arms, ammunition and medicine to their compatriots without any great trouble.

Mr. Trujillio will get out a special edition of his